Legislative Update: 2016 Session



Legislative Update

2016 Session
HFMA Winter Institute
Indianapolis Renaissance North Hotel
January 28, 2015

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Your Indiana General Assembly

- 2015
 - January April 30: 2015 Legislative Session
 - Biennial budget: "Long" session.
- 2016
 - January–March 14: 2016 Legislative Session
 - Non-budget "short" session
 - May–November: Statewide Elections
 - Governor of Indiana
 - Gov. Mike Pence vs. John Gregg
 - Indiana General Assembly:
 - Senate (half, 25 of 50 members)
 - House (all 100 members)

Introduced Bills

- House Bills
 - **-** 400
- Senate Bills
 - -431

Bills Remaining

- House Bills
 - To Be Determined.
- Senate Bills
 - To Be Determined.

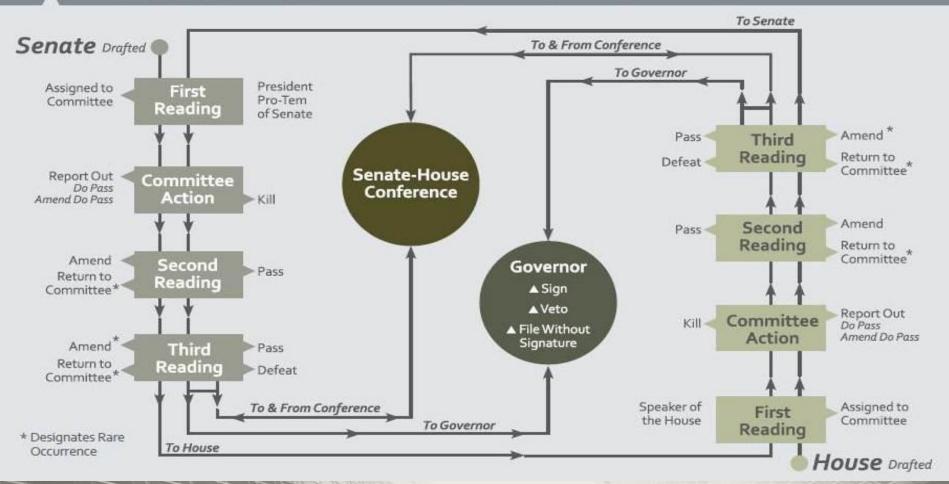


2016 "Short" Legislative Session

SENATE	HOUSE
JANUARY	
January 5: First Day of Session	
January 12: State of the State	
January 13: State of the Judiciary	
January 8: Bill Filing Deadline	January 12: Bill Filing Deadline
January 18: Statehouse Offices Closed (Martin Luther King, Jr. Holiday)	
January 28: Committee Reports Deadline	January 28: Committee Reports Deadline
FEBRUARY	
February 2: Second Reading Deadline	February 2: Second Reading Deadline
February 3: Third Reading Deadline	February 3: Third Reading Deadline
February 4-5: Mid-Session Break – No floor	February 4-5: Mid-Session Break – No floor
or committee activity	or committee activity
Bills Switch Chambers	
February 29: Committee Reports Deadline	February 29: Committee Reports Deadline
March	
March 2: Second Reading Deadline	March 2: Second Reading Deadline
March 3: Third Reading Deadline	March 3: Third Reading Deadline
March 7: Conference Committees Begin	
March 14: Sine Die Deadline	

How A Bill Becomes A Law . In Indiana

The diagram below outlines the steps by which a bill introduced in the Senate or the House of Representatives becomes a law with possible actions at each step. Bills may originate in either house of the General Assembly except for revenue-raising bills, which must be introduced in the House of Representatives. IHA will notify you when grassroots action is needed at a particular stage of the legislative process.



2016 Session: Key Legislation (so far...)

- Religious Freedom Restoration Act (RFRA)
- Transportation and Road Funding
 - Cigarette tax increase
- Medical Malpractice
- Health Care Price Transparency
- Telehealth
- Prescribing Issues

Cigarette Tax Increase

HB 1001: Road Funding. (Soliday)

- Increases the cigarette tax by \$1.00 from \$0.995 to \$1.995 per pack beginning in FY 2017
 - Increase would produce an add'l \$227.4 M in FY 2015
 - Add'l revenue for Medicaid
- Appropriates \$2,000,000 to the ISDH tobacco use prevention and cessation program
 - Current funding: \$5M per FY 2016 and FY 2017

Medical Malpractice Act

SB 152: Medical Malpractice (Steele)

- Increases the overall cap on damage awards by \$400,000
 - \$1,250,000 to \$1,650,000, split evenly between the primary layer (\$450,000) and PCF (\$1,200,000)
 - Beginning 2019, CPI increases applied every 4 years
- Imposes a cap on legal fees (31%)
- Raises the current "direct access" threshold from \$15,000 to \$75,000.

Health Care Price Transparency

HB 1291: Access to health care cost information (Schaibley)

 Requires health care providers (hospitals, ASCs, and physician offices) and health plans to provide, upon request, to insured patients the estimated out-of-pocket costs the patient will incur for certain health care services.

Medicaid Provider Audits

- HB 1226: Medicaid Provider Audits (Bacon)
- SB 364: Medicaid Provider Audits (Bassler)
 - FSSA to establish workgroup of OMPP and various Medicaid providers to discuss policies and procedures used in performance of Medicaid provider audits and possible improvements to the process.
 - Before December 1, 2016, FSSA shall submit a written report of the workgroup's findings and any statutory recommendations to the General Assembly

Healthcare Administration & Policy

- HB 1347: Mental Health Matters (Kirchhofer)
 - Requires FSSA to reimburse under Medicaid for certain services performed by Advanced Practice Nurses and Licensed Addiction Counselors in CMHCs
 - Creates the Committee on Mental Health Provider Workforce
 Adequacy to study healthcare workforce shortages, particularly in the areas of mental health and substances abuse
- SB 171: Electronic Health Care Claim Payments (Becker)
 - Creates a study committee to review provider claim payment methods, particularly the use of electronic fund transfer and other methods involving banking fees

Healthcare Administration & Policy

SB 162: Hospital employee immunizations (Miller)

- Requires hospital workers with direct patient contact to be immunized against influenza, varicella, measles, mumps, rubella, tetanus, diptheria, and pertussis.
- Permits exceptions for medical contraindications and religious objections.

HB 1335: Video recordings of surgeries (Goodin)

- Requires health care facilities to provide patients with the option to video record certain surgical procedures.
- Requires insurers to provide coverage for video recordings.

Telehealth: e-Prescribing

- HB 1263: Prescriptions and Telemedicine (Kirchhofer)
 - Permits Physicians, PAs and APNs to prescribe noncontrolled legend drugs via telemedicine without having first examined the patient in person
 - Current law:
 - Prohibits physicians from prescribing without having "personally physically examined and diagnosed"
 - Telehealth Services Pilot Program: Waives the in-person, patient-physician relationship for select physicians for non-controlled substances only. Expires July 1, 2016.

Other Prescribing Issues

HB 1278: INSPECT program (Davisson)

 Require all prescribers to check INSPECT prior to prescribing a Schedule II or III controlled substances and to continually check a patient's INSPECT record at least quarterly thereafter.

SB 271: Drug Enforcement, Treatment, and Prevention (Merritt)

 Establishes Commission to coordinate state agencies to identify, study and promote strategies and best practices related to substances abuse prevention, treatment and enforcement.

Access to Ephedrine/Pseudoephedrine

- HB 1157 (Frizzell) / SB 161 (Young): Drug offender block list.
 - Prohibits over-the-counter sales of PSE to convicted drug offenders, while maintaining access to others.
- SB 80 (Head): Pharmacists and ephedrine.
 - Requires pharmacists to screen consumers prior to making overthe-counter sales of PSE and permits denial of sales on the basis of the pharmacist's professional judgment.
- HB 1390 (Smaltz): Ephedrine and Pseudoephedrine.
 - Maintains over-the-counter PSE access to known pharmacy customers. Unknown customers may be sold only extraction-resistant PSE or a 3-day supply otherwise Rx is needed.



Please visit the Hall Render Blog at http://blogs.hallrender.com for more information on topics related to health care law.

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